The meaning of Article VI, section 2 of the Ohio Constitution: "The General Assembly shall make such provisions, by taxation, or otherwise, as, with the income arising from the school trust fund, will secure a thorough and efficient system of common schools throughout the State; BUT, NO RELIGIOUS OR OTHER SECT, OR SECTS, SHALL EVER HAVE ANY EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO, OR CONTROL OF, ANY PART OF THE SCHOOL FUNDS OF THIS STATE." Part 8

The second clause of Article VI, section 2 of the Ohio Constitution forbids the use of public money for private religious schools…"BUT, NO RELIGIOUS OR OTHER SECT, OR SECTS, SHALL EVER HAVE ANY EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO, OR CONTROL OF, ANY PART OF THE SCHOOL FUNDS OF THIS STATE."

When the state gives private religious schools vouchers, publicly-funded auxiliary services, nonpublic administrative cost reimbursement and student transportation, who is in control of the funds? Not the public.

Private schools using tax money are free to use the public funds without any guidelines and no accountability to the taxpayers.

The EdChoice voucher system has been ruled unconstitutional by the Franklin County Court of Common Pleas. How could the court rule otherwise? Public funds for private school vouchers is an unconstitutional expenditure of tax funds.